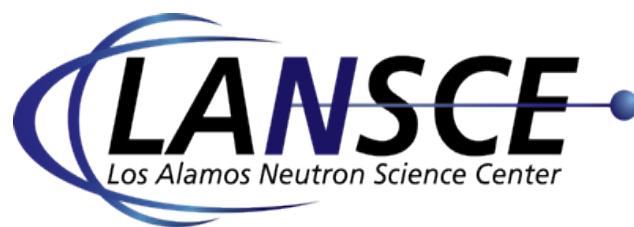


Delivering science and technology
to protect our nation
and promote world stability

Fission Data Experiments at LANSCE: SPIDER, TKE, and fissionTPC



CSEWG2016 Contribution



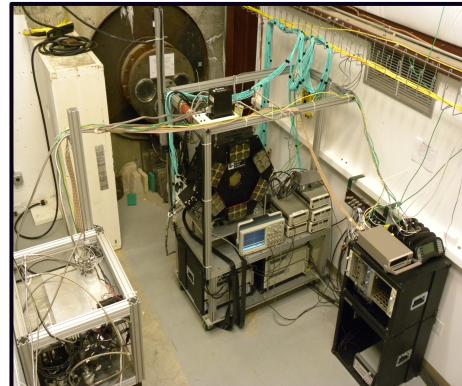
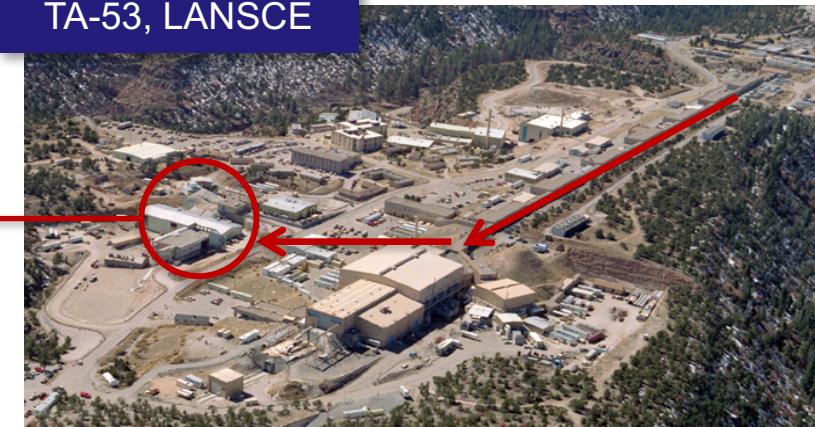
Dmitriy A. Mayorov, P-27
On Behalf Of SPIDER, TPC, and TKE collaborations
(LANL PI – Fredrik Tovesson)

Nov. 14th, 2016

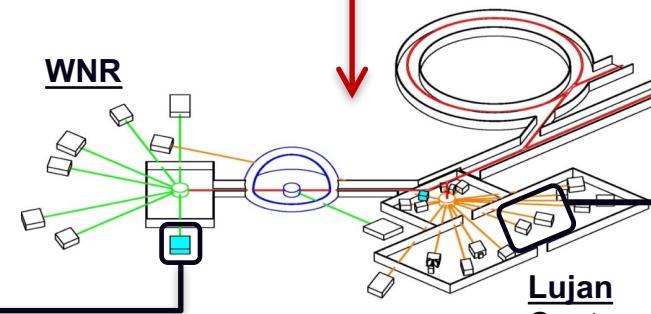
Experimental Facilities – Lujan Center and WNR

- LINAC accelerates protons to 800-MeV
- Pulsed beam allows for nToF determination
- Target 1 – moderated neutron source
 - Lujan Center (E_n - cold to thermal)
- Target 4 – unmoderated spallation target
 - WNR (E_n - fast up to 600 MeV)

TA-53, LANSCE



TPC and TKE



SPIDER



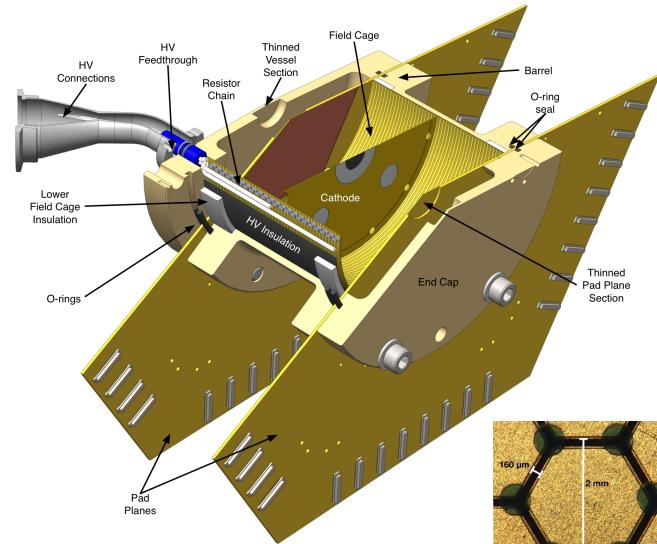
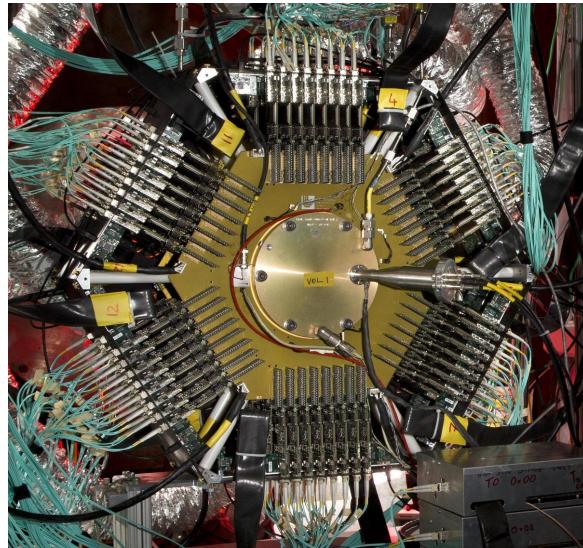


NIFFTE Time Projection Chamber

(Neutron-induced Fission Fragment Tracking Experiment)

NIFFTE fissionTPC – Time Projection Chamber

- Cross section datasets have uncertainties of 3-5% in the fast region
- Uncertainties of $\leq 1\%$ are needed for applications
- NIFFTE seeks to study sources of uncertainties effecting prior works



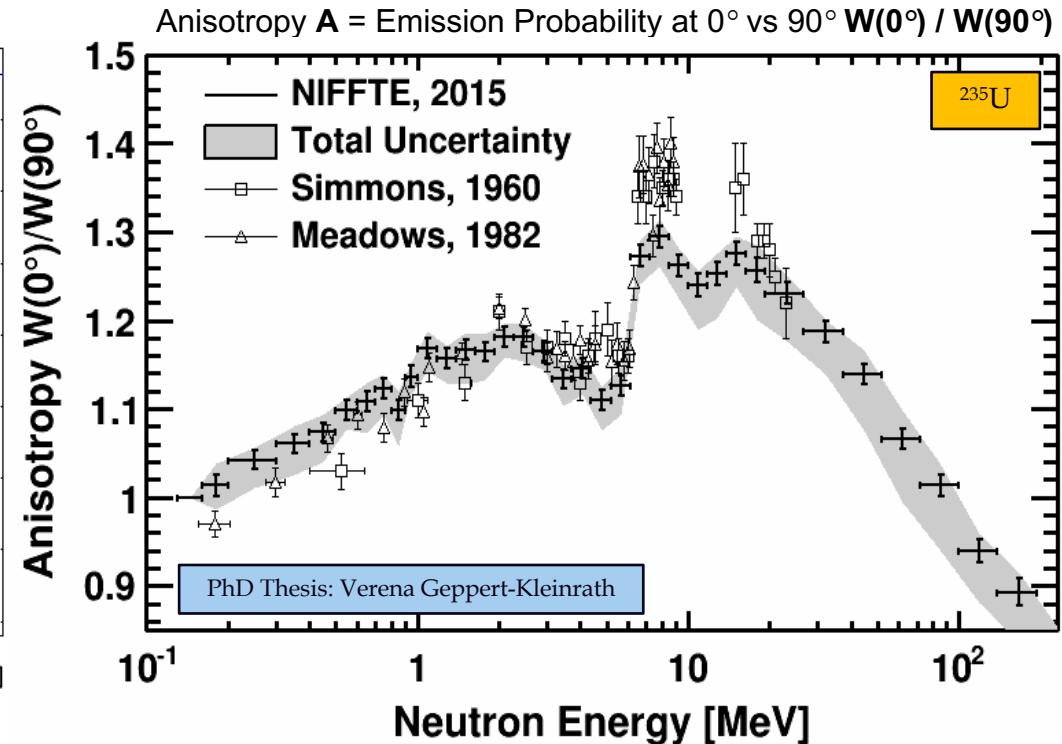
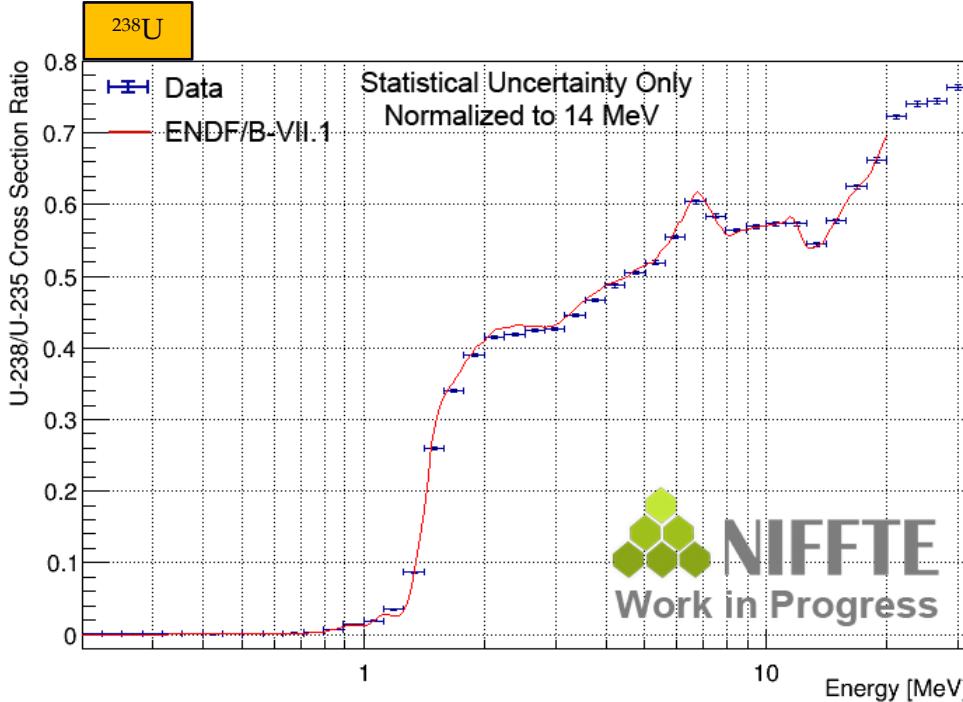
Sources of uncertainty

-
- Particle ID, alpha/fission fragment separation
 ^{235}U reference
 Energy loss in target
 Neutron beam profile
 Neutron beam energy-position correlations
 Beam spreading and attenuation
 Neutrons scattering back in (room return)
 Target contamination
 Non-uniform density (target and backing)
 Complete fragment loss (detector efficiency)
-

fissionTPC Features:

- Two-chamber design
- Compact, 4π Detector
- Particle tracking
- Segmented MicroMegas
- ~ 6000 independent channels

NIFFTE fissionTPC – Time Projection Chamber



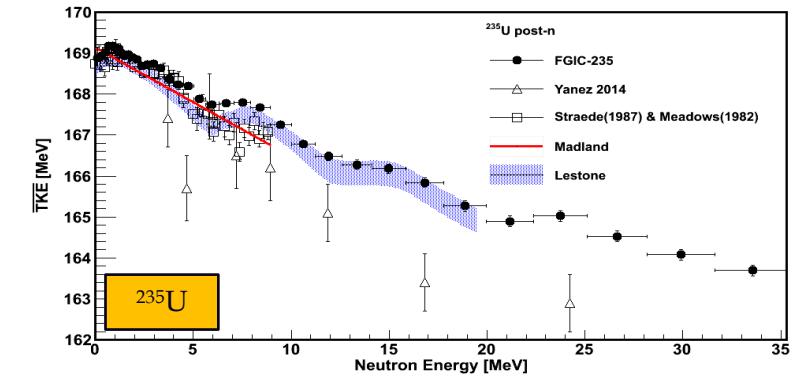
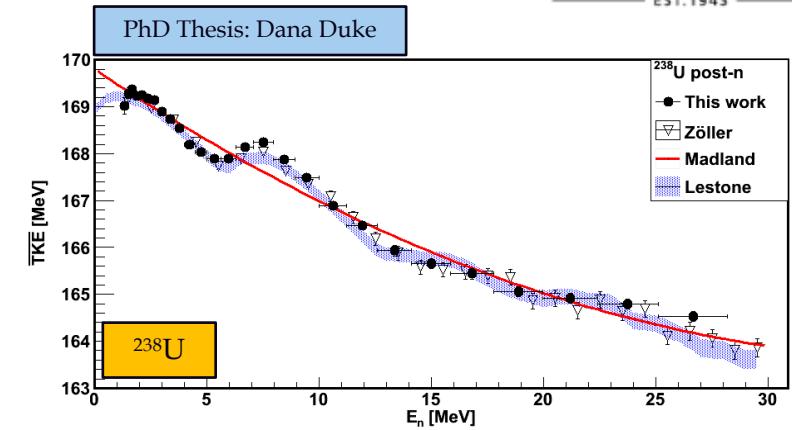
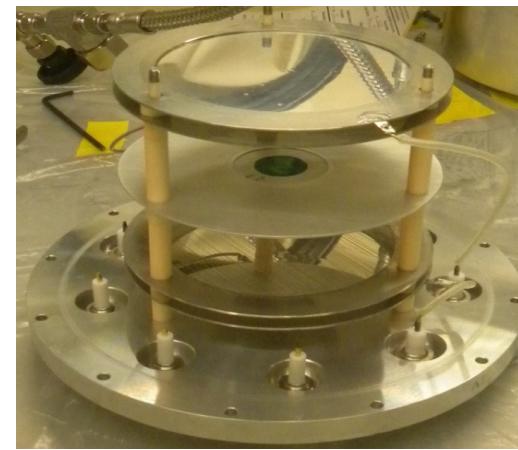
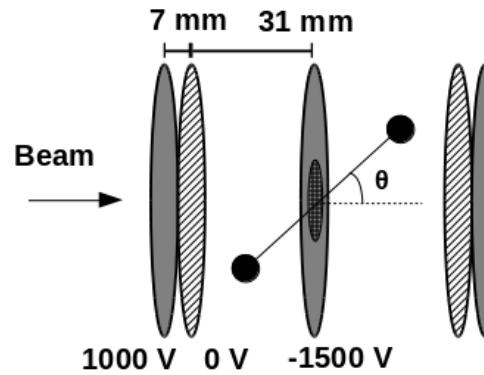
- Analysis of $^{239}\text{Pu}/^{235}\text{U}$ cross section ratio in progress

Dual Frisch-gridded Ionization Chamber

(TKE - Total Kinetic Energy)

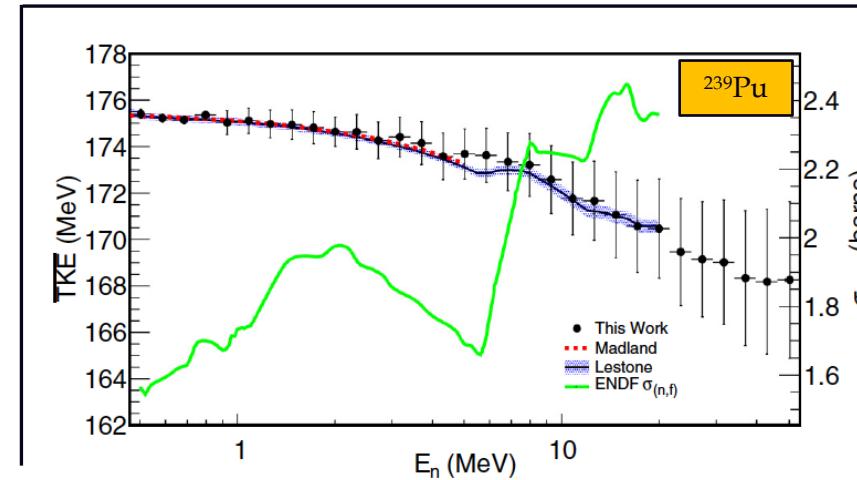
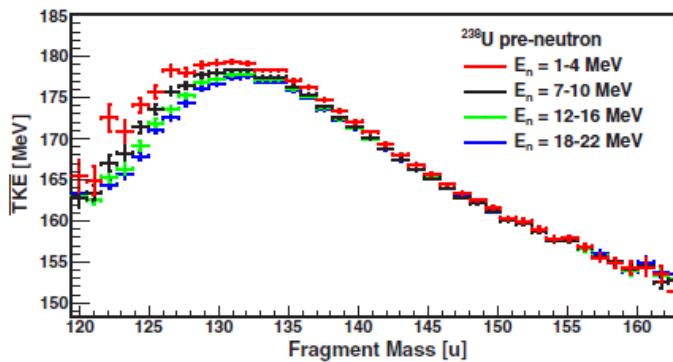
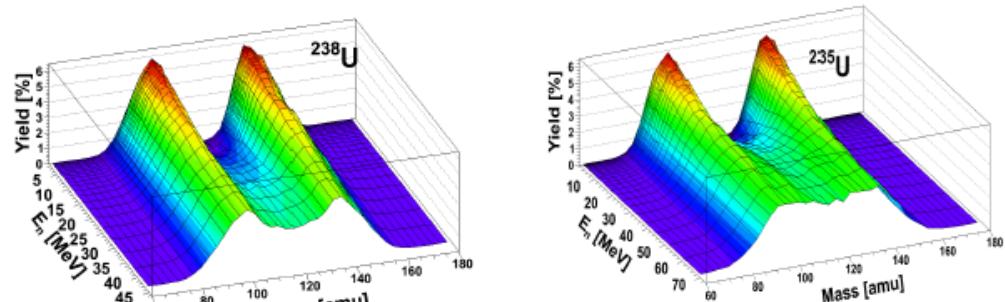
Dual Frisch-gridded Ionization Chamber

- TKE represents most of the energy released in fission
- A key observable to model and application communities
- Evolution of fission observables with increasing E_n
 - Benchmark for state-of-the-art fission models

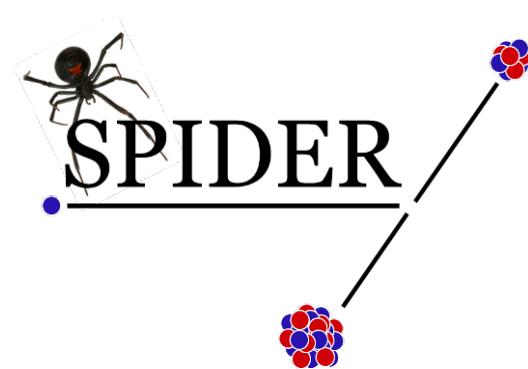


Dual Frisch-gridded Ionization Chamber Experiment

FPYs (E_n)
Resolution: 3-5 amu



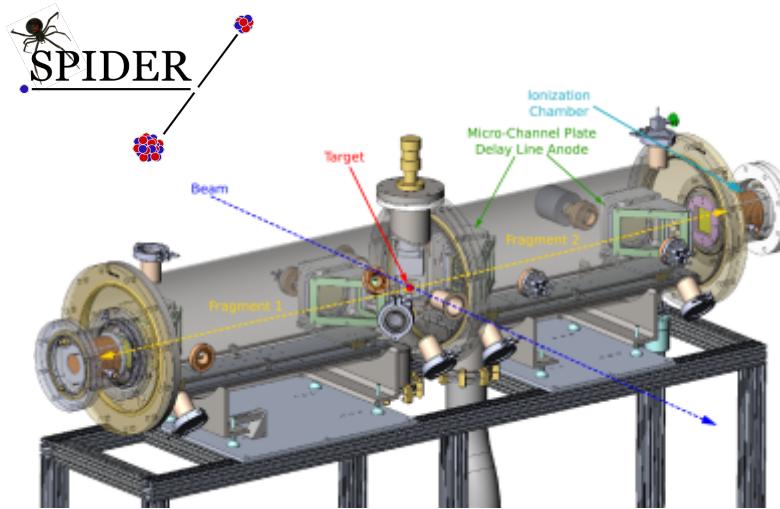
Run Cycle 2016 Data
 → ^{232}Th (collected)
 → ^{233}U (in progress)
 → ^{237}Np (planned)



SPIDER – $2\nu 2E$ Mass Spectrometer

(Spectrometer for Ion Determination In Fission Research)

SPectrometer for Ion Determination in fission Research



CAD of Dual-arm SPIDER

Instrument mass resolution given by

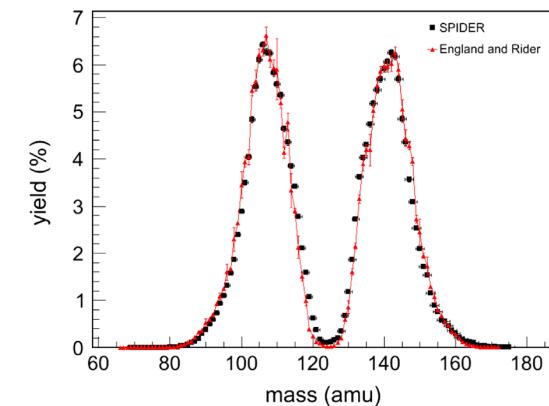
$$\frac{\partial m}{m} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\delta E}{E}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{\delta t}{t}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{\delta l}{l}\right)^2} \approx 0.01 \rightarrow 1 \text{ amu}$$

↓ ↓ ↓
 0.5% ($\leq 500 \text{ keV}$) 0.5% ($\leq 0.3 \text{ cm}$) 0.5% ($\leq 250 \text{ ps}$)

- Mirrored mass spectrometer for event coincidences

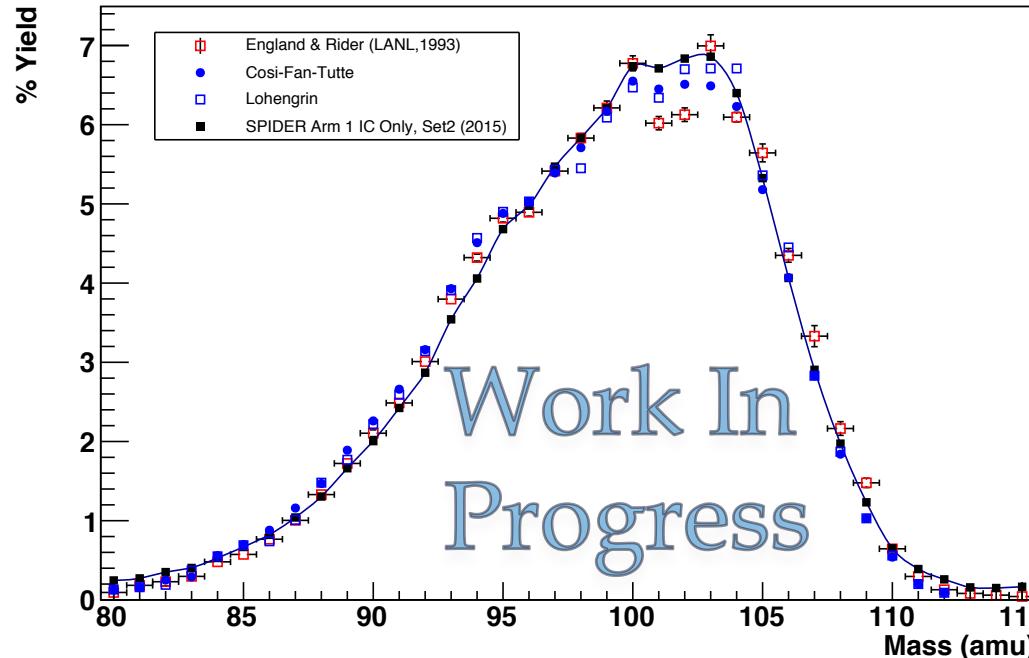
$$E = \frac{1}{2} m \left(\frac{\vec{l}}{t} \right)^2 \leftrightarrow m = 2E \left(\frac{\vec{l}}{\vec{t}} \right)^2$$

- Velocity detectors kept at high-vacuum (10^{-5} to 10^{-7} torr)
- Energy detectors use *i*-butane as active medium

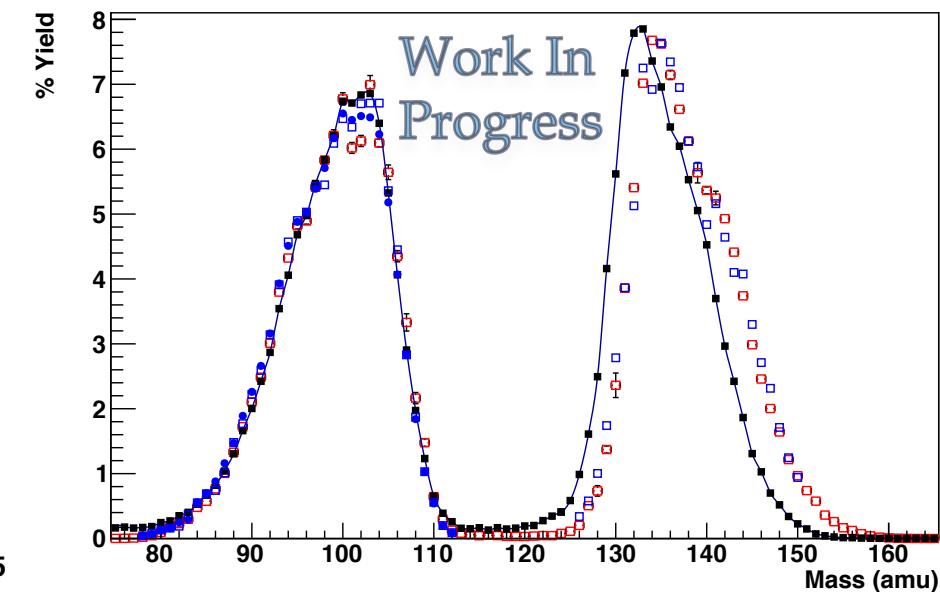


SPIDER Results: ^{239}Pu Thermal Fission ($1v1E$)

Pu239t Fission Product Yield

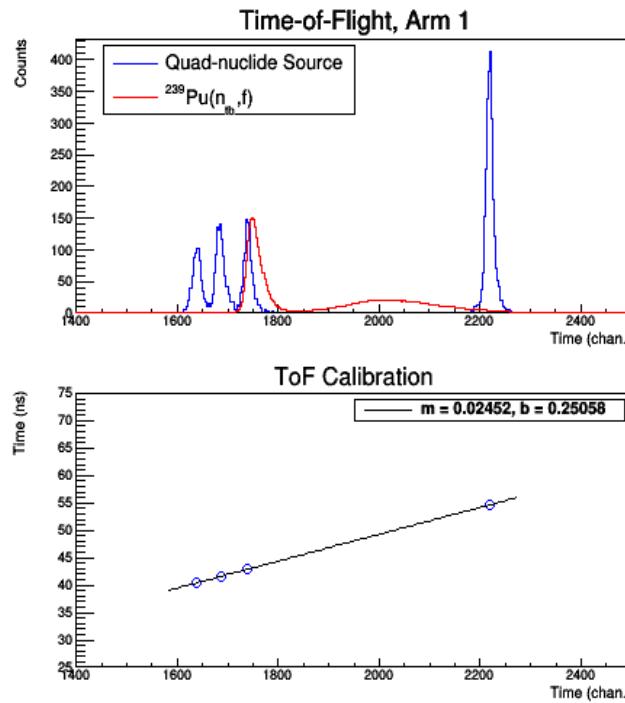


Pu239t Fission Product Yield

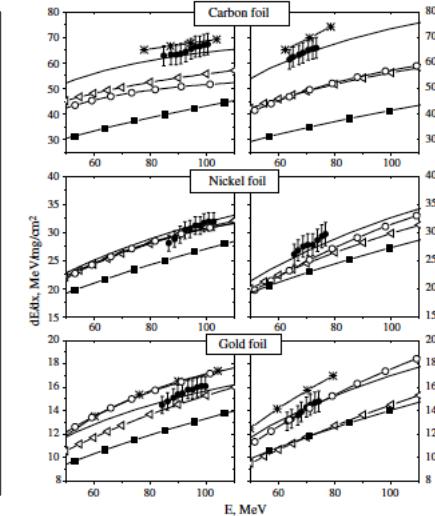
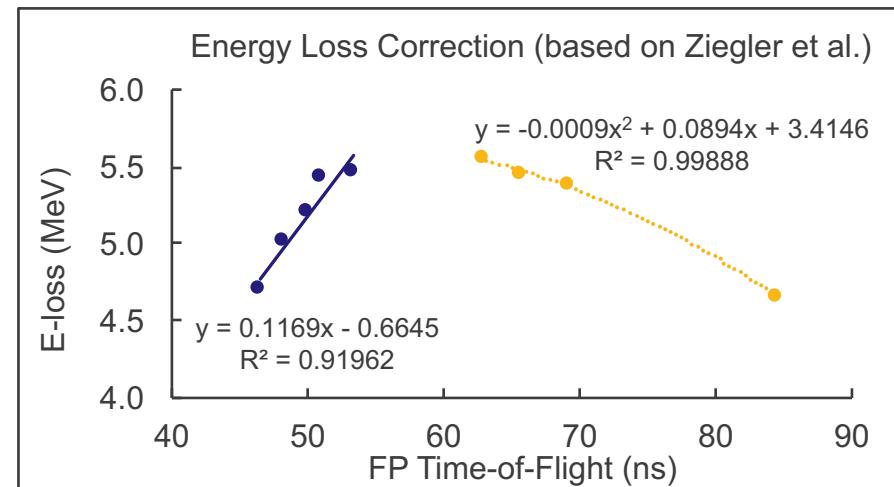


SPIDER Results: ^{239}Pu Thermal Fission ($1v1E$)

Time (Velocity)



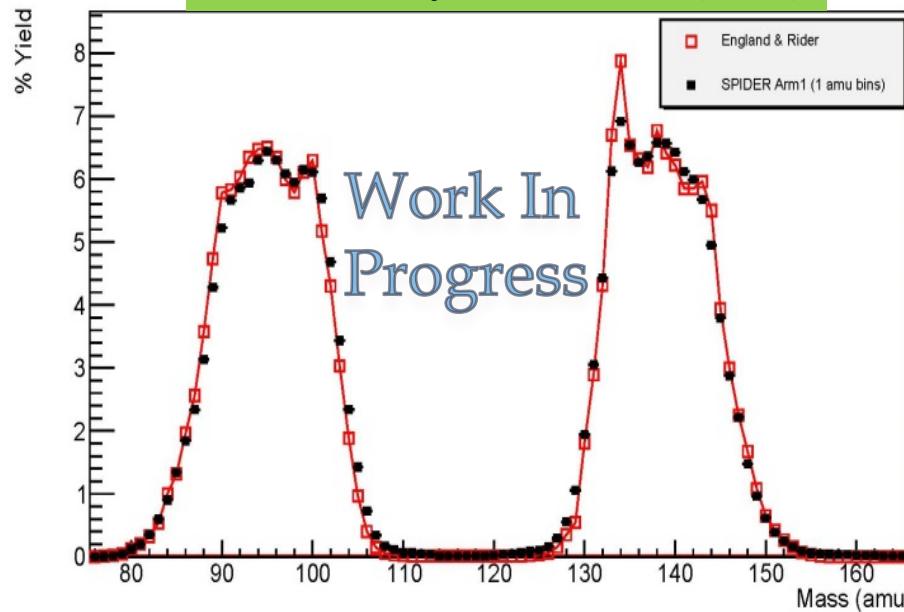
Energy



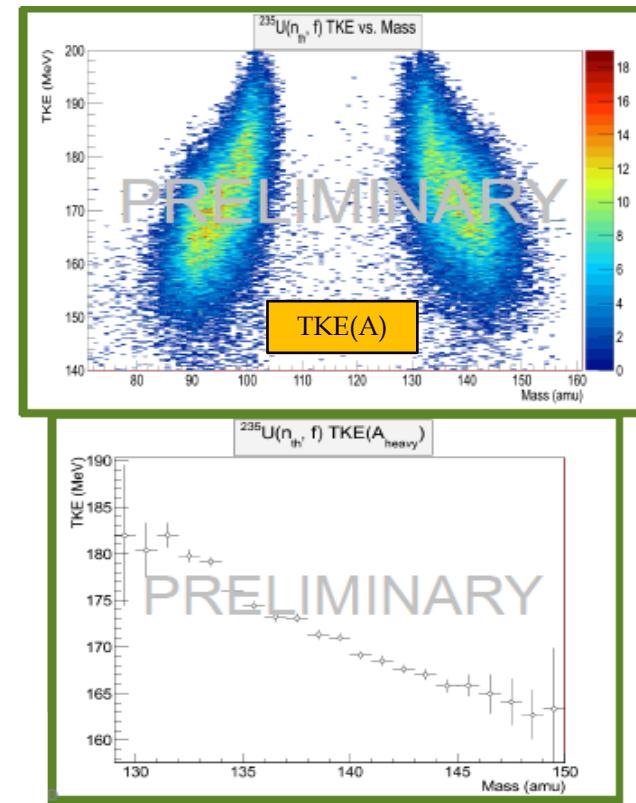
- Correction for energy loss separate for light and heavy fragments
- Uncertainties in energy loss estimates can reach up to 30%
- The heavy fragment are most affected by the uncertainty and pulse-height defect (PHD)

SPIDER Results: ^{235}U Thermal Fission ($2\nu2E$)

Data Courtesy of D. Shields (CSM)



- ^{235}U FPY distribution exhibits pronounced features
- Preliminary data, but demonstrates high-resolution

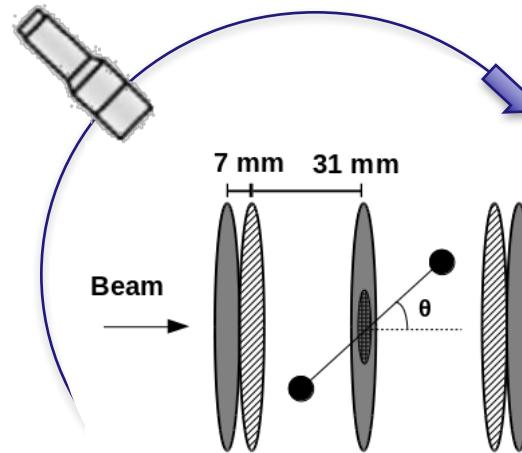




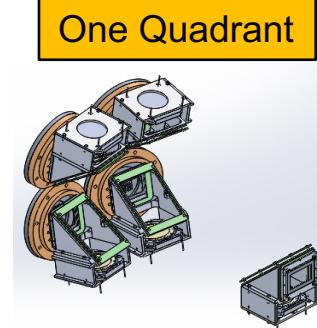
Future Plans

Summary and Future Plans

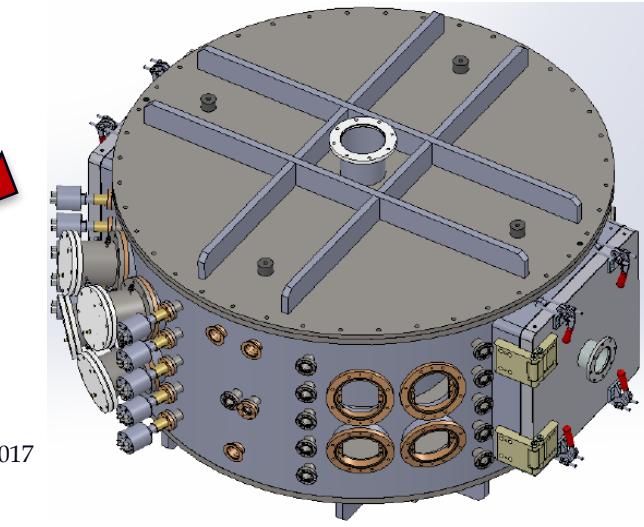
- Experimental nuclear data efforts at LANSCE include several complementary approaches
- These aim to help improve understanding of the fission process and to validate models
- Furthermore, the data collected at LANSCE may help to improve nuclear data libraries
 - This latter point is particularly interesting in light of the reactor anti-neutrino anomaly



One Quadrant



- $\approx 8x$ gain in solid angle coverage
- 16 ICs and 20 MCPs (1 start for 4 stops)
- Main chamber to be completed in early 2017
- Offline ^{252}Cf planned after assembly
- Challenges: Gas-vacuum interfaces / Thin foils





Acknowledgements

SPIDER



FGIC (TKE)



Additional LANL Support (Partial List)
Arnie Sierk, T-2, TKE and SPIDER
Denise Neudecker, XCP-5, fissionTPC

fissionTPC



Thank you for your attention!

Back-up Slides

